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Agenda

- Refresh on new risks in the cloud
- CASB Deployment Options Review
- DLP Cloud Applications: What is it?
- What's new in Forcepoint DLP v8.7.1

What are the 5 main cloud risk problems?



Users oversharing sensitive data in file sharing and collaboration apps



Employees and 3rd parties accessing cloud apps from their own devices



Admins making mistakes or becoming under attack

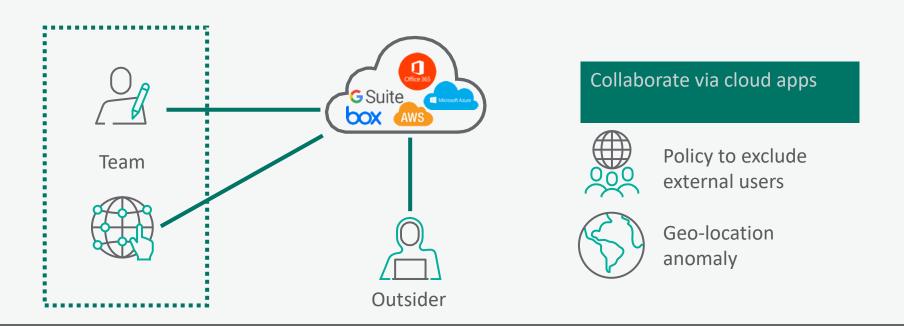


The cloud is the the new attack surface and a lack of governance



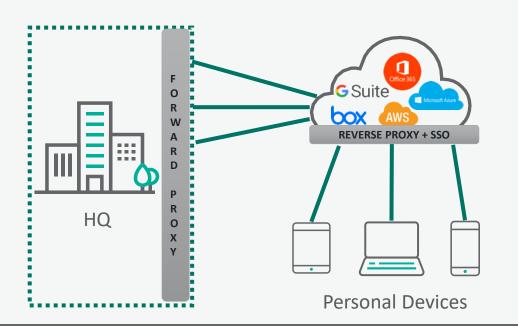
Concerns about employees finding and using their own cloud services aka shadow IT

Scenario – Users Oversharing Data



We can allow you to collaborate safely within cloud applications

Scenario – Personal Device use



Enable BYOD Access



Access apps anywhere



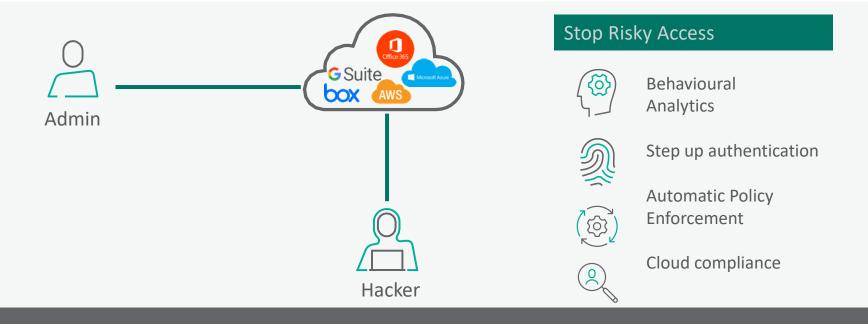
Robust reverse proxy



Seamless SSO integration

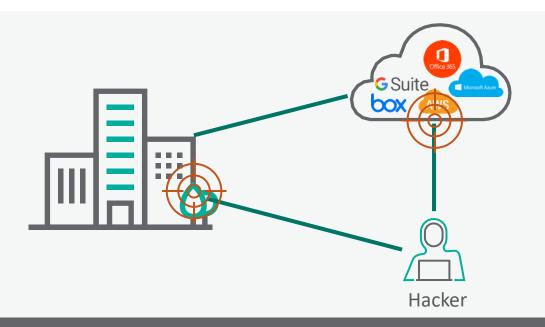
We can help you use BYOD/HYOD devices.

Scenario – Admin risk



We can monitor and block risky admin actions

Scenario – Cloud becoming the new attack surface



Protect against attack



Access policy Enforcement



Step-up authentication



Block unauthorized access

We can tell you exactly who is under attack in real time

Scenario – Shadow IT risk and opportunity





Gain full visibility into Shadow IT



Visibility into unsanctioned apps



Control over both unsanctioned and sanctioned apps

We can help you say YES to any cloud application



CASB/DLP Deployment Options Review

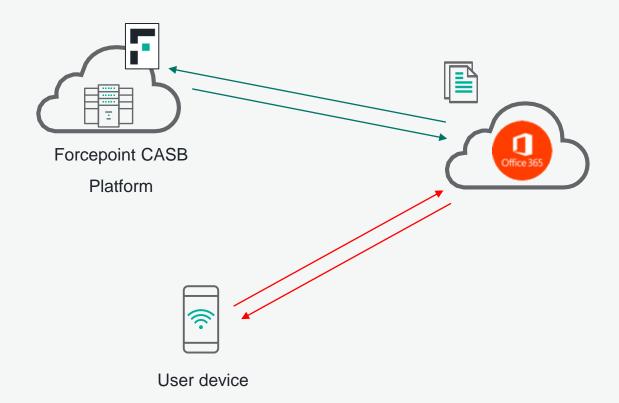


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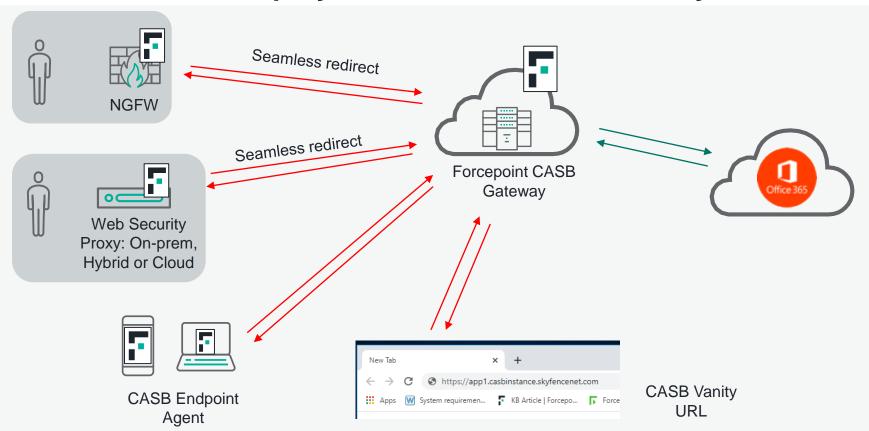
Deployment Options Review

- API Deployment Type (Tokenisation):
 - Seamless Integration No impact on Userbase.
 - DLP/CASB connects to Sanctioned Cloud App via API call.
 - DLP/CASB retrieves and reads Sanctioned Cloud App logs to understand User Activities
- Inline Proxy Type (User traverses DLP/CASB Gateway):
 - Full User Activity monitoring
 - Full blocking and alerting
 - Either Reverse Proxy or Forward Proxy Deployment Options available.
- For Realtime DLP Cloud Applications blocking to happen you need to have a CASB licence, and you need to be inline with the CASB Gateway.

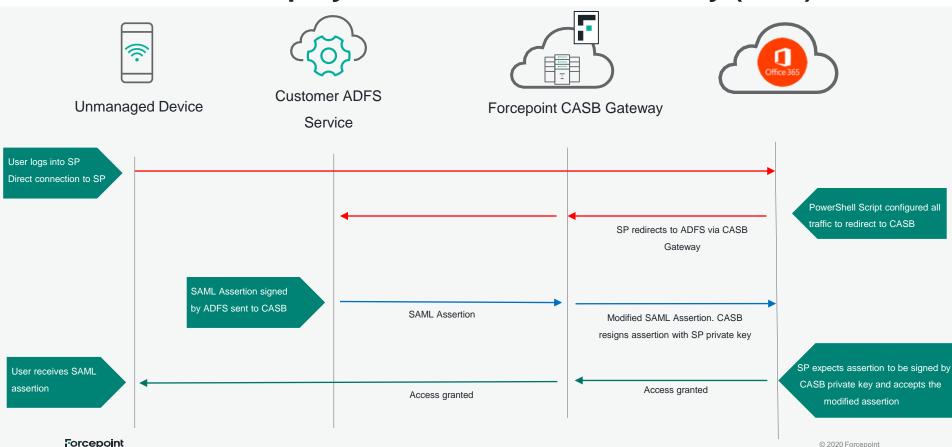
CASB: API Deployment Mode



CASB: Inline Deployment Mode: Forward Proxy



CASB: Inline Deployment Mode: Reverse Proxy (SSO)

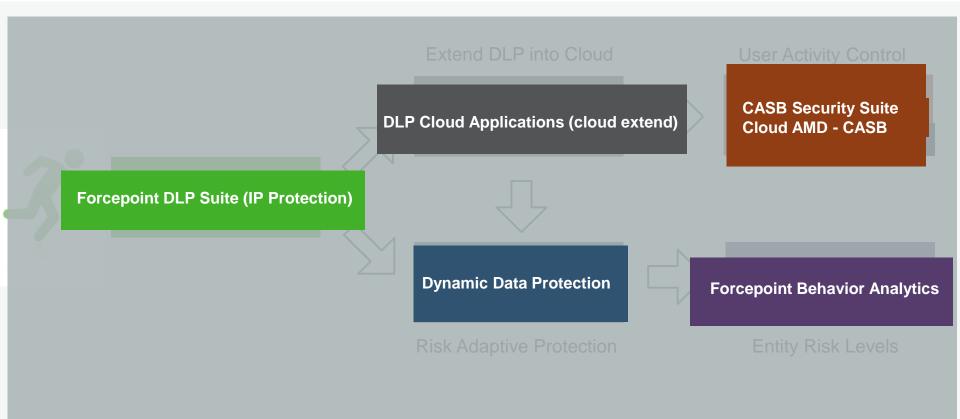




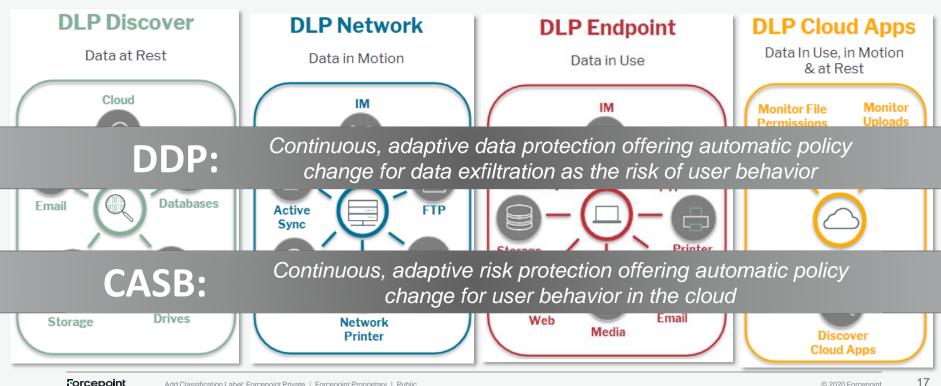
The DLP Journey: DLP Suite



The DLP Journey: DLP Cloud Apps or FBA?



Introducing the Forcepoint data protection portfolio



What is DLP Cloud Applications

- DLP Cloud Applications extends your DLP Ruleset so that is can be used in protecting data residing in Sanctioned Cloud Applications.
- You create your DLP Ruleset on the Forcepoint Security Manager (FSM) WebGUI.
- DLP Cloud Applications is a service/system residing in the Forcepoint AWS space. It shares space with our CASB platform...but see it as a separate system to CASB (think DLP Protector in the Cloud).
- You maintain one DLP Truth:
 - You maintain central DLP rulesets on the FSM.
 - All Logging comes back to the same central FSM WebGUI.
 - All DLP Incidents come back to the same central FSM WebGUI.

What is DLP Cloud Applications (pre v8.7.1)

- DLP Cloud Applications purchased on it's own can offer:
 - An API connection into your Sanctioned Cloud Application (nothing real-time as DLP Cloud Applications relies on the SP logs to investigate data movement).
 - Visibility into sensitive data being up/downloaded to/from Sanctioned Cloud Applications.
 - Perform unshare (external/Internal/both) of sensitive data incorrectly shared as such.
 - Quarantine or perform Safe Copy of sensitive data.
 - Perform a Data at Rest scan of data residing within your Sanctioned Cloud Application.
 - Support (currently) for six Sanctioned Cloud Applications:
 - Office 365 (includes OneDrive and SharePoint Online).
 - Salesforce
 - Dropbox for Business
 - Box
 - G Suite
 - ServiceNow

What is DLP Cloud Applications (v8.7.1)

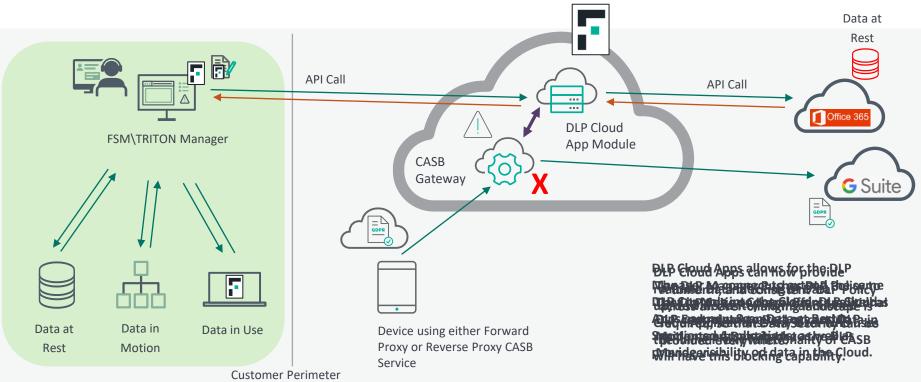
- DLP Cloud Applications purchased together with CASB (CASB Security Suite or CASB Single Applicance) can offer:
 - All features mentioned in previous slide
 - All CASB features as per license capabilities
 - Realtime blocking of sensitive data being up/downloaded to/from Sanctioned Cloud Applications irrespective of device (Managed or Unmanaged devices)*:
 - Inline CASB Proxy deployment types required (Forward and/or Reverse CASB Proxy).
 - No need for a Forcepoint Agent to make this happen.
 - Data Security protection on Unmanaged devices accessing Sanctioned Cloud Applications.
 - *In DLP v8.7.1 we offer realtime blocking support for the full set of Forcepoint DLP's predefined rulesets.
 Examples include regulatory compliance sets such as GDPR, PCI, POPI, HIPPA...
 - *Roadmap* to offer the addition of realtime blocking support for fingerprinted files later this year.

What is required for DLP Cloud Applications to offer real-time blocking?

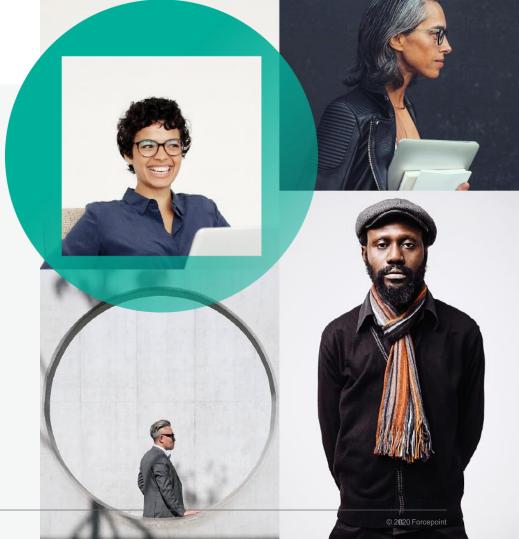
- For DLP Cloud Applications to enforce real-time blocking:
 - CASB Forward Proxy and/or Reverse Proxy is required.
 - Client requires the DLP Cloud Application licence as well as either CASB Security Suite or CASB Single Application license.

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Forcepoint DLP Cloud Applications and CASB Architecture



DLP Cloud Application Inline Proxy Demo



Tell me one thing that is new in CASB?



Business Impact Analysis - what is BIA?

Level	Range	Description	
Critical	81-100	Sensitive activities. For example, sensitive administrative actions, modifying or disabling main security controls, bulk data export, mass deletion, bulk sharing.	
High	55-80	High impact activities that usually require high level permissions, but do not need to be reviewed by a security department each time they occur. For example, modifying a Price Book in Salesforce, resetting a user password.	
		Individually, these activities do not need to generate a security alert or a push notification. It is recommended to use additional conditions with these activities to generate an alert.	
Medium	31-54	Activities that require common permissions. For example, sharing a file, exporting a report, viewing a lead.	
		Individually, these activities do not need to generate a security alert or a push notification. It is recommended to use additional conditions with these activities to generate an alert.	
Low	0-30	Activities that do not require special roles or permissions. For example, modifying personal profile settings, uploading or downloading content to personal user folder.	

Definition:

Business impact score is a number in a range of 0-100. This number reflects the potential impact of a single user activity on specific data in a cloud application.

Higher score = higher impact.

The value range is divided into clusters:

Critical: 81-100

High: 55-80

Medium: 31-54

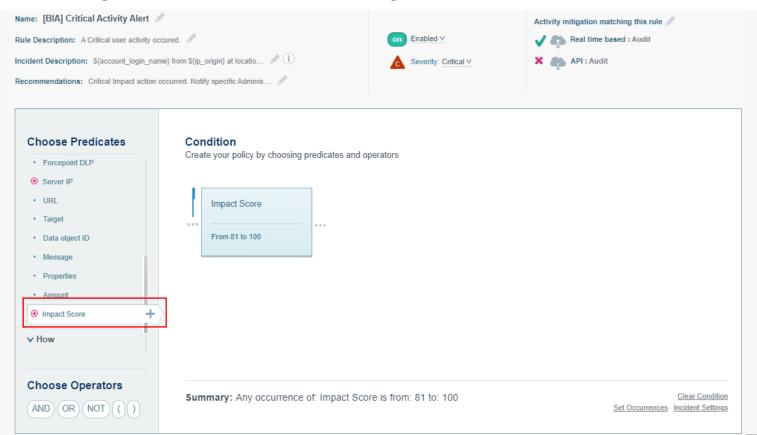
Low: 0-30



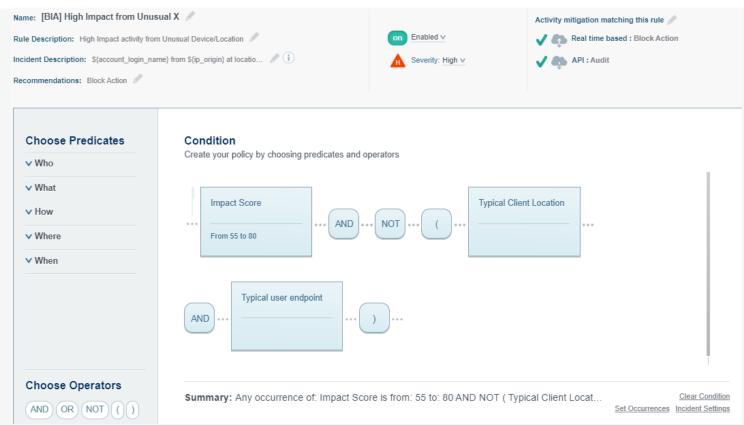
Which cloud apps is BIA available for right now?



Example Rule – Critical Impact Score



Example Rule – High Impact Score (unusual activity)



Thank You

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